

Press Conference 2011 BIVB - Hospices de Beaune Press Kit





Press Conference

Salle des Pôvres de l'Hôtel Dieu à Beaune Sunday 20 November 2011



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- Take part in the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" Press trophy! New in 2011: photography is also included!
- The Saint-Vincent Tournante 2012: a special edition under the banner of Burgundy's climats
- The Climats are candidates!
- Groupement des Jeunes Professionnels de la Vigne (Association of the young wine-makers)

15 November 2011

2011 will remain etched in our memories, not just because it was an early year, but because of its unique weather conditions. Whilst the world's wine enthusiasts are getting ready to discover this new vintage, the first impressions are already being made. This year, elegance and indulgence, in particular, are enhancing the mosaic of Burgundy's "Terroirs". These wines are accessible, providing an ideal way of discovering the wealth and diversity of Burgundy wines.

The Burgundy winegrowers know how to trust their instincts. Before the arrival of summer, they remained cautious, even though the particularly hot, dry spring gave the vines the potential for excellent quality. The rainfall in July helped reconstitute the water reserves in the soil and provide the vines with a new lease of life. The stormy weather in August, which was very difficult to anticipate, encouraged the winegrowers to follow their plots inch by inch. They were fully aware that they would need both humility and intuition to determine the date of the harvest: between maturity and the health of the vineyard, nature has an important role to play. To wait or not to wait? This is the crucial question that the Burgundy winegrowers asked themselves in the last weeks of August, particularly for Pinot Noir, which is reputed for its delicacy and complexity.

The harvest was spread out across several weeks, with the winegrowers harvesting the plots according to their maturity. The sunshine and lack of rain in September were the rewards for their patience. Careful selection was carried out, on the vines and in the cellars. Only the very best grapes were vinified.

White wines

The white wines are characterised by aromatic purity. Clear, frank aromas of citrus fruits and delicate floral notes are unveiled on tasting. These flavours are brought out by a good level of acidity, making the wines fresh and expressive. The harmonious balance, which was already perceived on tasting the grapes, is confirmed. All this is strengthened by a pleasant roundness on the palate.

The expression of the "Terroirs" is already notable. Maturity will bring additional complexity and subtlety to these wines, but they can also be enjoyed in their youth.

Red wines

These are highly quaffable wines with a very intense red colour. Depending on the sectors, there is a wide aromatic palette: fresh fruits, red fruits (raspberry, cherry) and a few soft, spicy notes. Freshness and balance grace the palate. The tannins are round, supple and elegant.

The broad sensorial diversity and the qualitative distribution are characteristic of each "Terroir". The potential for laying down the wine will vary depending on the style. However, the very pleasant aspect of this vintage, which is already noticeable, means that they can already be enjoyed.



Crémants de Bourgogne

The Crémant producers began harvesting in the third week of August in the south of Burgundy. The harvests continued until the end of September.

The wines made from Chardonnay grapes feature white peach and grapefruit aromas. The Aligoté presents light, tangy notes.

The Pinot Noir provides structured, coloured wines. The Gamay reveals great-quality wines, with intense red fruit aromas.

The first assemblages will be made at the end of the year.

This press release presents general characteristics per area. As each wine and each winemaker is unique, each wine must be tasted before it can be characterized.

The first few months of the year were marked by clement temperatures and levels of rain that fell well below the norm. Even at this point, 2011 could already be characterised as a hot, dry year. The arrival of spring confirmed this trend and the first weekend of April ushered in some exceptionally pleasant, warm weather. The arrival of the summer marked a sharp change in the weather, allowing us to reconstitute water reserves without detracting from the maturing process.

A hot, dry spring

Average monthly temperatures significantly exceeded seasonal averages in March, April and May. In parallel, rain was scarce. The rainfall deficiency was considerable (particularly in April and May) and the amount of sunshine was even greater than average for the summer period. There was, on average, 50% less rain than normal. Summer arrived early!

The vines grew rapidly. At the beginning of April, budding took place in the space of a few days in these exceptional climatic conditions. The mid-budding stage (50% green shoots) was reached at dates similar to those in 2007, making it one of the earliest in the last 17 years – some three weeks in advance when compared to the average (1994-2010).

This unusual weather held out for several weeks and the flowering began during May, despite a slight cooling and some rain towards the middle of the month. The mid-flowering dates (50% of flowers open) fell around 20th May and the 3-week lead continued.

Thanks to the dry, warm weather, the vineyards were very healthy as conditions were unfavourable for pests and disease. However, the drying up of water reserves in the soil triggered fears of early water stress for the vines, which could weaken them during the maturation period. The return of rainfall at the beginning of June was beneficial for the vines and reassured professionals.

The showers, which were often stormy, were sometimes accompanied by hail, which caused a certain amount of local damage, particularly in the Yonne. The advance in the vegetative cycle was nevertheless maintained thanks to the clement temperatures.

A radical change in summer weather conditions

From 7th July, weather trends reversed completely. There was much instability, with daily storms. July saw rainfall totals that were three times greater than the seasonal average in some areas. It was also one of the coldest of the last 20 years! One thing that particularly stood out was the frequency and intensity of the hail storms that took place across the vineyards, with a particularly violent episode occurring in the night of 12th to 13th July in the Côte Chalonnaise, which caused sometime very serious damage.

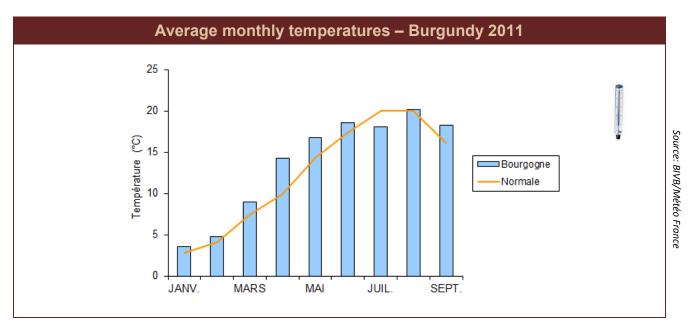
In August, warm, sunny episodes alternated with cooler, rainy periods. The vines made the most of the favourable periods and maturing took place at a good pace. There were three to four particularly heavy rainy episodes, with the first two alone providing the average monthly rainfall.

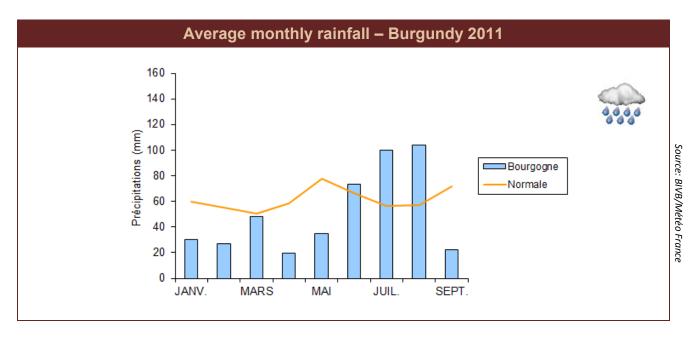


The return of good maturing conditions

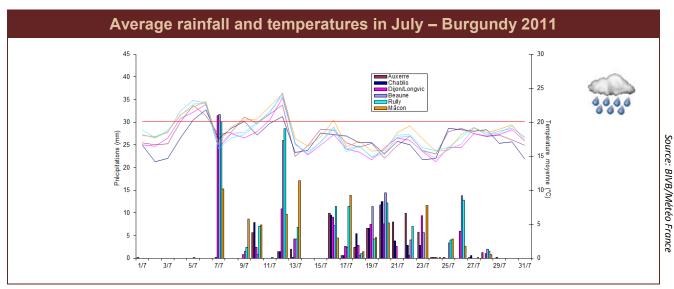
The last ten days of August saw the return of dry, warm weather with temperatures exceeding seasonal averages. This allowed the grapes to mature perfectly under ideal conditions. September continued in the same way, with summery climatic conditions and a significant lack of rain that had no adverse effect on the vines.

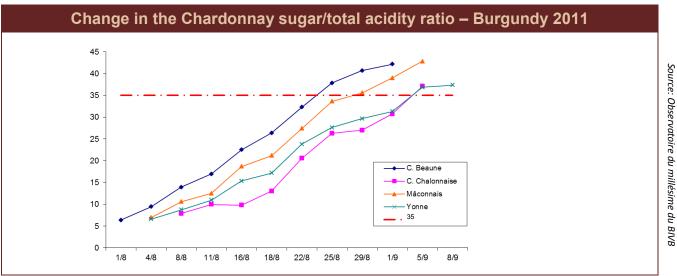
Sunshine-bathed harvests therefore began at the end of August for the earliest sectors, and continued into the first weeks of September in excellent conditions.

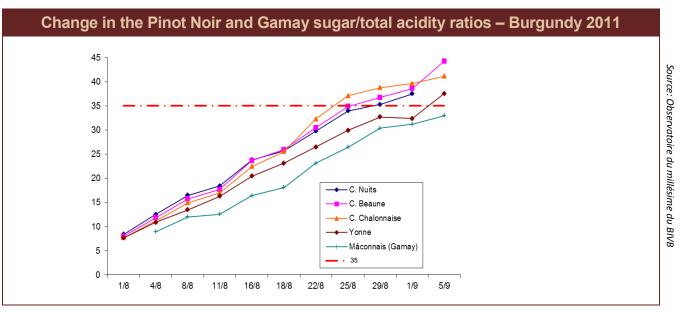












A value of 35 is commonly accepted as a good sugar/total acidity ratio.

May 2011

The 2010 vintage in Burgundy is a success despite the delicate climatic conditions. The age-old history and experience acquired by the Burgundy winegrowers has, more than ever, borne fruit.

This year, the level of maturity and the health of the vines were key in choosing the date of the harvest. Although the harvest usually takes place by colour (traditionally red then white), the winegrowers, attentive to the quality, alternated between red and white plots.

The small yields obtained are both a result of the winegrowers' controlled pruning, the coulure and millerandage caused by the climatic conditions in the spring, and the strict selection performed both on the vine and in the cellar. The winemakers were then able to adjust their technique on the harvested grapes to unveil the fine balance between sugar and acidity, without harming the aromatic expression.

There is no doubt that the 2010 Burgundy wines hold some nice surprises for wine enthusiasts!

White wines

Chablis and Grand Auxerrois

These pleasantly fresh wines present subtle notes of citrus fruits, green apple and peach. Balanced, their palate has an excellent minerality, which highlights their liveliness and good tension. Pleasant and tasty, they are ready to enjoy and will please even the most demanding of connoisseurs

Côte Chalonnaise and Côte de Beaune

Overall, the wines are very aromatic, dominated by notes of ripe fruits and dry fruits. Their palate, lively with excellent body, is full and substantial.

After a few months in the bottle they will soon soften to reach a perfect harmony. They have excellent potential for laying down.

Mâconnais

The harvested grapes were of very high quality and the wines are worthy of a great vintage. Thanks to their exuberance and their aromatic purity, their balance and excellent structure, these wines are supple, tasty and have a wonderful freshness.





Red wines

Côte de Nuits

With real elegance and aromatic richness, these wines are perfectly balanced. Fleshy, they are backed by firm and silky tannins. Their excellent body and persistence on the palate make them perfect for laying down.

Côte Chalonnaise and Côte de Beaune

Firm, thanks to their tannins and excellent acidity, these wines are full-bodied and well-balanced. The nose, with its hints of small red fruits, black berries and kernel fruits, is a model of its kind.



Grand Auxerrois

Particularly fruity, their supple, delicate tannins provide them with good balance.

Crémants de Bourgogne

The 2010 vintage is of good quality for the two grape varieties Chardonnay and Pinot Noir. The quality of the grapes allowed for a gentle extraction, resulting in base wines without excessive levels of acidity, an intense aromatic expression and good maturity.

Burgundy has posted good results, particularly in comparison to other vineyards. The 2010/2011 campaign confirmed the return to a rise in sales of Burgundy wines, which began last year after the 2009 financial crisis. Despite the gloomy global backdrop, Burgundy has economic assets which allow it to defend itself and to continue conquering markets. The opportunities provided by developing markets also promise good future prospects.

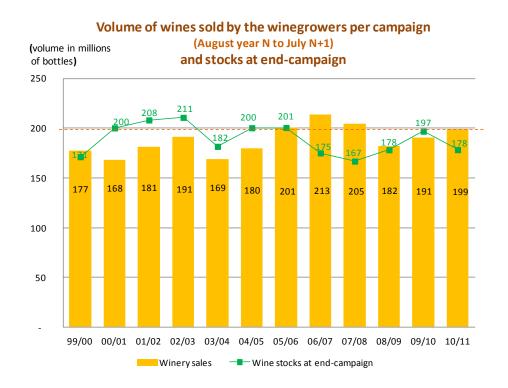
Sales of Burgundy wines, during the previous sales campaign, again increased by 4.5% in one year, after a rise of 5% during the previous campaign. Like last year, it is essentially exports which drove these good results, recording between 6.5% and 12% according to our estimates. These results were generated thanks to a strategy to redirect exports towards more distant countries, which is evidence that the Burgundy vineyard has retained its capacity to conquer new markets.

The French market has generally held up well with growth of 1%. Once more, this is due to growth in supermarket sales and to the development of direct sales. More traditional channels are still affected by economic difficulties.

A revitalised regional market

Despite the continued difficult economic context and a very low harvest volume in 2010 (discounting 2003 – a year of drought – it is the smallest harvest since 1997), the volume of wine sold by wine-growers increased by 4.5% in the last campaign (August 2010 - July 2011), compared to the previous campaign.

With an equivalent of 199 million 75 cl bottles sold, Burgundy is back on track, posting a normal level of sales, which also corresponds to the average harvest volume.





Adding the five million bottles used for various professional activities (tastings, free samples, etc.), the total volume of Burgundy wines leaving the cellars **exceeded 204 million bottles**. As during the period 2005-2008, sales exceeded the level harvested once again.

The stock of wines held by wine-growers at end July 2011 therefore fell by a considerable 9%, cancelling out the rise observed in 2010. This reduction has generated a decline in availability. The stock represents some 178 million bottles, which corresponds to less than 11 months' harvest before the arrival of the 2011 vintage. Given the average duration of maturing in Burgundy, this availability represents a fairly low threshold for the vineyard and contributes to the relative tranquillity of the professionals.

The marketing of the much-awaited 2009 vintage and the low volume of the 2010 harvest partly explain this decline in availability in the cellars. This also encouraged the wine-growers to reduce the volume of the 2010 vintage destined for wine merchants, which forced the merchants to quickly secure their supply. Purchases made by wine merchants ended up being similar to those made during the previous campaign, the equivalent of 115 million bottles, despite an increase in the average price of bulk wines. Burgundy wine merchants have shown with these transactions with the wine-growers their ability to find new markets, with a greater value, partly thanks to increased commercial business. Stocks at the wine merchants total some 1 million hl, or 130 million bottles at end July 2011.

The 2011 harvest, which seems to have reached around 1.55 million hl (or 207 million bottles), will allow the sector to reconstitute some of their stocks and meet the current level of demand.

The regional economic situation of Burgundy wines is fairly positive, despite the persisting gloomy international context. Benoît de Charette, Chairman of the Chamber of commerce and industry of the Burgundy region and co-manager of the Maison Bichot in Beaune, spoke of Burgundy's return to the markets on the occasion of the Vinomarket, on 4 November 2011: "Burgundy is beginning to benefit, and rightly so, from the recognition of leading global players in the wine market. It is now fully enjoying being a reference in terms of "Terroir" and authenticity, which a lot of new world producers are now trying to copy, after considering this vineyard as a "has-been" for such a long time. Only one "large" vineyard can be present in 150 countries, despite its small size!"





Export: 3rd best revenues for Burgundy in 2011

August 2010 / July 2011 campaign: confirmation of the recovery in exports

During the 12 months of the campaign, customs statistics show new growth in Burgundy's exports by 6.4% by volume, after a 5% rise in the previous campaign. Overall, and compared to the average exports observed over the last ten years, the accumulated fall in volume during the crisis has been caught up. Exports have returned to a normal level, i.e. 89 million bottles.

However, after simplified declarative measures implemented by French customs, a significant volume of exported Burgundy wines is no longer integrated in the official statistics. **Including the additional volume, estimated from different sources of information, it is reasonable to consider that the figure is closer to 94 million bottles.**

After being impacted by the severe economic crisis of 2008/2009, Burgundy was able to benefit from the recovery in the global wine trade and record significant growth in exports.

The change in 2011 resides essentially in the strong rise revenues, with growth of 18.8%, after weak growth the previous year. With a total of 629 million euros, it clearly exceeds the average of the last campaigns, recording the third best result in the history of Burgundy exports.

Although the results are good, we must remain cautious for the outlook for the new campaign. The current climate encourages a certain amount of caution amongst exporters for the coming months. With the latent crisis in the markets, global consumption and exports could fall at the end of the year.



This campaign has enabled Burgundy to considerably increase the average value of wines exported, in accordance with the objectives of the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan. It has also favoured a recovery of Village and Grand Cru Appellations, whilst the previous campaign began with the Regional AOCs, more accessible wines with a quick turnover.



This growth has benefited both white wines, with a rise of 6.8% by volume and 14.7% by value, and red wines which posted 8.9% and 26.9% respectively. Only Crémant de Bourgogne seems to have registered a decline (*source: French customs 2011*). The survey conducted by the Union of Crémant de Bourgogne does show continued growth in exports for this sparkling wine, however.

First eight months 2011: focusing on "value"

Although 2010 saw an increase in exports by volume, 2011 has recorded a sharp rise in revenues.

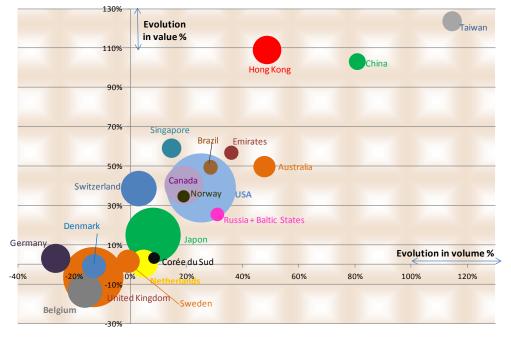
Exports of Burgundy wines outside of France have grown by 0.4% by volume and, above all, by 17.8% by value during the first eight months of 2011, compared to the same period in 2010 (53 million bottles for some 400 million euros).



Change in exports of Burgundy wines by volume and by value

Total first 8 months 2011 / 8 months 2010

 $(Bubbles\,weighted\,by\,Burgundy's\,revenues)\\$



Key to the graph:

The size of the bubbles: proportional to the weight of the market in revenues of Burgundy exports, over the period Horizontal axis: growth by volume compared to the same period in 2010

Vertical axis: growth by value compared to the same period in 2010



This growth can be seen on all markets outside the European Union. All markets have moved back into the black, beginning with **Burgundy's principal markets**:

- The North-American market is **benefitting from a recovery in the consumption of premium wine** and continues to be at the heart of Burgundy wine merchants' development strategy.
- ▶ Japan, whose "strong" yen favours imports, has not curbed its Burgundy wine imports, on the contrary, thanks to the efforts made by the Japanese people to respond to the double catastrophe of March 2011.

The good health of the Burgundy vineyard is also due, to a large extent, to the **economic momentum of the new consumption markets**, principally in Asia. Continental China and Hong Kong (both markets being closely connected) are **rapidly approaching Burgundy's TOP 5 export markets by value**.

Other promising markets are beginning to hold significant weight in this ranking. Burgundy is enjoying growing popularity there, as in Australia, with 2% of Burgundy's revenues, in Brazil, with 1%, or in the United Arab Emirates, also with 1%.

Burgundy is therefore the French vineyard which generates the largest revenues for still wines in Australia. It totals 30% of exports of French still AOCs by value on this market, as in Brazil.

A 30% rise is observed in Burgundy exports to Russia, a market which should be linked to the good results in Latvia and Lithuania (transit countries to the Russian market).

Conversely, sales in the **European market** still seem to be penalised by the gloomy economic climate. However, the

reduction in the volume of sales in the European markets should be seen in the context of the simplified declaration as mentioned above.

Brazil is the most recent country to be included in the Burgundy Wine Board's export programme. A wine tour is scheduled for April 2012, in partnership with the Chamber of commerce and industry of the Burgundy region.

On the programme: tasting with Burgundy companies, training seminars and press meetings.

And Chablis is carrying out a training programme destined exclusively for Brazilian wine waiters.

2011/2014 Burgundy wines export programme, a new agency for an ambitious project

The BIVB is continuing its educational work to increase knowledge of the subtleties and the diversity of Burgundy wines across the world. To this end, a new communication agency was recruited in September 2011 to help the BIVB develop its programmes abroad for the trade (wine waiters, restaurateurs, journalists, importers, etc.) and the general public.

After a European invitation to tender, the agency Soprexa won the contract for three years. This agency has been firmly established for many years in the food-processing sector, in particular in the promotion of wine. The campaigns implemented will allow us to reach the trade network as closely as possible and in the most relevant way possible.

Its tasks will include the BIVB's events and press relations abroad. The priority countries have been defined: UK, USA, China, Hong Kong, Japan and Belgium. The BIVB will carry out numerous events in these countries, particularly through tasting sessions hosted by Burgundy professionals. Training and press relations events will also be carried out in other destinations: Canada, Singapore, Taiwan, South Korea, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland and Brazil.

In line with the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, the aim is to consolidate Burgundy as a global reference for great wines produced from sustainable wine-growing. Chablis launched a similar invitation to tender and has also selected Sopexa. Their specific objective is to highlight the original, unique aspect of Chablis wines.

At the same time, the Discover the Origin programme conducted in the UK in partnership with Parma ham, Parmigiano-Reggiano cheese (Italy) and Porto and Douro wines (Portugal) has been re-launched for three years. It will now also cover Ireland.



Table of export results of Burgundy wines in the 2010/2011 campaign and in the first eight months of 2011

_	2010-11 campaign (August 2010 - July 2011)						Total first 8 months 2011 (January - August)					
Burgundy wine exports	2010/11 campaign		% 10-11 / 09-10 campaign		Difference 10-11 / 09-10 campaign		Total 8 months 2011		% 8 months 2011/2010		Difference 8 months 2011/2010	
	1000 units	1000 EUR	VOLUME	VALUE	1000 units	1000 EUR	1000 units	1000 EUR	VOLUME	VALUE	1000 units	1000 EUR
World	89 007	628 787	+6,4%	+18,8%	5 335	99 584	53 023	396 392	+0,4%	+17,8%	224	59 910
EU	51 970	264 721	-2,8%	+1,9%	- 1 517	4 964	28 478	145 874	-11,7%	-4,9%	- 3 766	- 7 507
United Kingdom	22 240	113 399	+1%	+2%	221	2 077	11 781	62 515	-13%	-6%	- 1775	- 4 279
Belgium	8 611	37 286	-5%	-5%	- 495	- 2 114	4 779	20 226	-16%	-13%	- 922	- 3 095
Germany	4 731	26 767	-13%	+13%	- 683	3 132	2 356	14 442	-27%	+3%	- 850	420
Netherlands	5 882	24 908	-5%	-7%	- 302	- 1815	3 248	13 511	+5%	0%	149	54
Denmark	2 991	15 786	-7%	+7%	- 239	1 061	1 845	10 043	-13%	-1%	- 271	- 92
Sweden	3 254	14 198	+5%	+6%	148	859	2 075	9 089	-1%	+2%	- 14	141
Spain	184	1 846	+9%	-3%	15	- 59	106	1 064	-8%	-15%	- 9	- 181
Ireland	1 509	6 423	+6%	-6%	85	- 395	845	3 375	+1%	-11%	11	- 405
Italy	581	5 456	+8%	-2%	42	- 118	277	2 864	-11%	-15%	- 35	- 508
Luxembourg	399	3 919	-5%	-9%	- 21	- 385	178	1 898	-25%	-19%	- 59	- 451
Austria	166	2 025	-8%	+17%	- 15	290	82	1 135	-23%	+24%	- 24	221
Latvia	271	1 898	+12%	+21%	28	324	164	1 139	+25%	+24%	33	219
Finland	320	1 681	-16%	-5%	- 60	- 86	231	1 195	-19%	-2%	- 55	- 23
Lithuania	215	1 160	+309%	+431%	162	941	138	712	+162%	+160%	85	438
Non EU countries	37 038	364 066	+22,7%	+35,1%	6 852	94 620	24 545	250 518	19,4%	36,8%	3 990	67 417
USA	13 975	126 646	+27%	+38%	2 990	35 004	9 126	82 505	+25%	+39%	1 847	23 051
Japan	7 968	76 543	+7%	+16%	543	10 333	5 289	52 316	+8%	+15%	400	6 796
Canada	5 508	37 785	+35%	+50%	1 421	12 672	3 533	25 572	+19%	+40%	567	7 354
Switzerland	1 895	31 284	-5%	+24%	- 97	6 152	1 338	21 436	+3%	+39%	40	5 961
Hong Kong	745	18 065	+40%	+74%	214	7 693	546	14 129	+49%	+109%	179	7 368
Australia	953	9 545	+31%	+27%	227	2 045	780	7 990	+48%	+50%	252	2 651
Singapore	359	8 998	+6%	+61%	19	3 415	229	6 251	+15%	+59%	29	2 322
Taiwan	330	8 947	+111%	+101%	174	4 504	236	6 706	+115%	+124%	126	3 706
China	945	7 336	+79%	+112%	416	3 869	572	4 880	+81%	+103%	256	2 475
Brazil	497	4 943	+8%	+37%	36	1 340	385	3 508	+29%	+49%	86	1 160
United Arab Emirates	475	4 387	+23%	+43%	89	1 329	353	3 481	+36%	+57%	93	1 261
South Korea	335	3 704	+22%	+3%	61	115	212	2 473	+9%	+3%	17	77
Norway	546	3 442	+48%	+57%	177	1 243	407	2 636	+19%	+35%	65	676
Russia	299	2 215	-10%	+10%	- 35	201	221	1 429	+3%	+1%	6	8
Mexico	169	1 184	+10%	-5%	16	- 57	105	798	+10%	+10%	10	71

The North-American market clearly on the up

The USA has become Burgundy's first export market in terms of revenues (ahead of the UK), with growth of 38% by value and 27% by volume.

Canada is following the same trend, with +50% by value and +35% by volume, pushing it up to 4^{th} place.

USA: Burgundy's new leading export market by value

American wines imports (from all origins) posted a considerable gain over the 12 months ending July 2011: +4% by volume and, more importantly, +7% in the average price. France has benefited from this situation to a large extent, with +8% by volume and +9% in the average price.

Burgundy is fully benefiting from the recovery in the consumption of premium wine on this market and should, in the medium term, continue to take advantage of this growth. But this is still far from its peak. It is driven by consumers which are younger than those in France. The vineyard has already profited from the rebound of the dollar at the beginning of 2010.

The fear that the dollar would fall again, as expressed by Burgundy in the summer of 2010, was partly confirmed. The euro exchange rate has mainly remained between 1.40 and 1.45 to the dollar. This did not prevent the sound growth in exports of Burgundy wines in the last campaign, reaching a volume of 3 million additional bottles and total growth of 35 million euros in revenues.



Burgundy wines maintain a considerable growth margin in mid-range and high-end restaurants, particularly with the development of "wines by the glass" sales operations. According to a survey conducted by BIVB in 2010, barely three out of five American restaurants, whose average bill per person is over \$30, currently offer Burgundy wines (source: CHD Expert 2010).

In the wine shops in the main states of the country, Burgundy wines are already well established. 50% to 90% of points of sale distribute at least one Burgundy wine (*source: IRI Symphony 2011*). Sales of Burgundy have increased by 5%



to 15% depending on the state. The diversity of the range on offer continues to grow in these shops.

In supermarkets, sales of Burgundy are fairly low, but stable. There is room for optimism, however: sales of Pinot Noir, of all origins, are experiencing a boom, with growth of 13% in this channel.

There is a real opportunity available for Burgundy. Its Regional and Village appellations are still overlooked in this country and therefore represent new sales prospects.

Asia boosts sales of Burgundy

Sales of Burgundy have been on the rise for several years in Asia, but it would now appear that exports have moved up a gear.

Only Japan was a mature, substantial market for Burgundy until now. Although it is still growing, it is no longer the only country in this part of the world to increase its imports of Burgundy wines.

The People's Republic of China and Hong Kong are constantly increasing their imports of Burgundy wine. These two markets, linked by import flows, are soon to become, within a few months, Burgundy's 6th largest market in terms of value.

Singapore and Taiwan are also expanding rapidly, partly thanks to their role as export platform for Asia. It is also worth mentioning the interest of other Asian countries, which supply themselves directly from these platforms for tax reasons. Indonesia, Malaysia and Vietnam are key markets, despite the fact that their export volumes are low. India, which is often presented as a difficult market due to its high customs taxes, could develop quickly. The European Union-India free trade agreement, currently under negotiation, would be a key element.

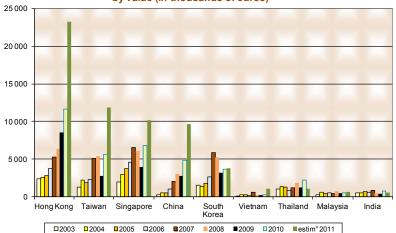
Revenues generated by Burgundy from these new markets have doubled in one year. This will definitely be a key destination in the years ahead.

Asia should represent nearly 10% of export revenues of Burgundy wines at the end of 2011 (21% including Japan), versus only 2% in 2005.

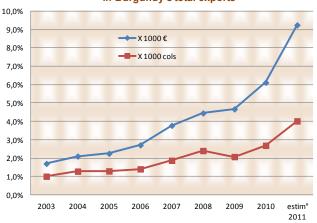
To this overall weight should be added the rather significant share of volume exported to the UK. This country acts as an export platform for "fine wines" to Hong Kong.



Change in exports of Burgundy wines to Asia (excl. Japan) by value (in thousands of euros)



Market share of the Asia region (excl. Japan) in Burgundy's total exports



Japan: return to a record level by value

Japan is a key destination for Burgundy and remains its 3rd largest market by value, with 12.2% of export revenues. It is a historical market and has been very stable for Burgundy for 10 years. This country is home to a large number of wine lovers who are very interested in Burgundy wines. Burgundy accounts for a third of the revenues generated by all French still AOC wines exported to Japan.

After the catastrophe of March 2011, the Japanese have once more proven their dynamism and their ability to bounce back. The speed with which they were able to lift their heads and get the country up and running again demands admiration from us all.

Overall wine imports continued to grow, with a rise of 3.2% by volume in the first seven months of the vear.

Burgundy has outperformed in this market. Its exports increased by over 7% by volume, returning to their normal level with 8 million bottles. In particular, its revenues increased by 16% thereby returning to record levels, i.e. 76.5 million euros. This demonstrates the attachment of the Japanese people for Burgundy wines, particular the most expensive appellations.

The year 2009 was marked by an unprecedented flight to low-cost wines. In 2010 and 2011, the yen exchange rate contributed to a large extent to boosting imports of higher-quality wines.

China and Hong Kong: Burgundy's new engine

Long considered as a future market, Continental China has become a key market.

It is now the 5th largest importer of wines by volume, with 4% of global imports and is the 4th country by value, with 8% of global revenues. Imported wines still only represent 20% of wine consumption in China... hence its vast growth potential.

Burgundy is fully capitalising on this vast growth in wine consumption. Its wine exports have almost doubled in one year, reaching 1.7 million bottles for 25.4 million euros.





In a few months, China and Hong Kong will become Burgundy's 6th largest market by value. This prospect is a considerable advantage for Burgundy wines in Asia: Hong Kong is an almost obligatory platform for high added-value wines entering Continental China (since the abolition of excise duties on wines in February 2008).

The offers carried out in the sales channels show the strong presence of Burgundy, mainly in the highest price segments (*source*: *MIBD 2011*).

Burgundy wines are mainly sold in bars, hotels, restaurants and specialist shops. They are still under-represented in supermarkets, as they are mainly sold by foreign names. The offering is, however, gradually increasing.

Within its "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, the Burgundy Wine Board (BIVB) has decided to develop and continue the presence of Burgundy in this growth market. To this end, it is launching a **VIE (International Volunteers in Business) programme in Shanghai**, one of China's largest cities. After a few months' training in Burgundy, the successful candidate will leave for China at the beginning of 2012 for a minimum of one year to carry out various tasks with the trade:

- Maintaining a network of trade professionals highly invested in promoting Burgundy wines.
- Communication channel between the BIVB, training organisations and the official Burgundy wines instructors, to favour the development of specific training seminars with the trade and serious wine enthusiasts.
- Provide feedback on the needs of the trade to the BIVB in terms of economic information, material presenting Burgundy wines (brochures, training material, etc.).
- ldentification of good channels and establishment of press relations to increase the visibility of Burgundy wines.
- Supervision and alert in the event of fraudulent use of Burgundy appellations distributed on the Chinese market.

After touring in Hong Kong and towns in Continental China in October 2011, many Burgundy companies, accompanied by the Chamber of commerce and industry of the Burgundy region and the BIVB, will be enthusiastic about travelling to the region in May 2012 for Vinexpo Hong Kong.

"We are strengthening our presence in this growth market," says Pierre-Henry Gagey, Acting Chairman of the BIVB, "but of course we are not forgetting those markets and clients with whom we have worked for a long time. In Burgundy, we appreciate loyalty and don't want to betray it."

Chablis wines are also entering this market, which provides many possibilities. These wines are counting on their wealth and gastronomic diversity to encourage the Chinese to discover and appreciate white wines, although it is currently essentially a market for reds. They are proposing "White nights with Chablis", a promotional operation highlighting the culinary harmonies between Chablis wines and Chinese food, aimed at the trade and consumers in Hong Kong, in December 2011 and in Canton in 2012.

Several training courses and press meetings will enhance the Chablis and Burgundy programmes.



Contrasting development in traditional European markets

The economic and social situation of European countries remains difficult. Wine consumption in these countries seems to be weakening relative to the dynamism of the new markets. The economic situation in Europe is not doing any favours for growth in this consumption. Let's begin by Burgundy's main market by volume, the UK.

Other markets (Germany, the Netherlands, Denmark), which are very price sensitive, are in the same situation. French wine consumption is faced with competition from low-price wines from Chile, Australia and even Italy. Belgium, which was caught up by the crisis fairly late on, is now affected by inflation.

And only the monopoly-run Scandinavian countries are enjoying a calmer situation.

In the UK, the economy and taxes are affecting sales of Burgundy

Exports of Burgundy wines to the UK ended the 2010-11 campaign very slightly up by 1% by volume and 2% by revenues. With 22.2 million bottles exported, the UK remains the leading destination by volume (a quarter of Burgundy's total exports) and a 2 million euro increase in revenues.

However, the fall in sales observed since January (-13% by volume and -6% by value over the first eight months of the year) does not favour optimism. This is a result of the government's drastic austerity measures along with the increase in taxes which is penalising the market.



For several years, excise duties on wine have been constantly rising. Taxes have thus risen by 25% alongside the increase in VAT from 17.5% to 20% in 2011. The impact of the euro/sterling exchange rate is also affecting the price of European wines.

With an overall increase of 5% in the average price of wines in supermarkets, wine purchases in this channel fell by a total of 2% over the last year. The more expensive wines are, of course, affected to a greater extent, beginning with Burgundy wines whose supermarket sales fell by 5% by volume and 3% by value during the campaign (*source*: *IRI Symphony*).

The bankruptcy or economic difficulties of chains of general stores and specialist wine shops (Thresher, The Wine Rack, Oddbins) also impacted on the sale of Burgundy wines in the UK. In 2009, 95% of UK wine shops had sold Burgundy wine, with an average of fifty names sold during the year.

Germany, the Netherlands, Denmark, Belgium: traditional markets down

For some years, we have witnessed a slow erosion of exports of Burgundy wines to neighbouring markets, due to the combined effect of two factors:

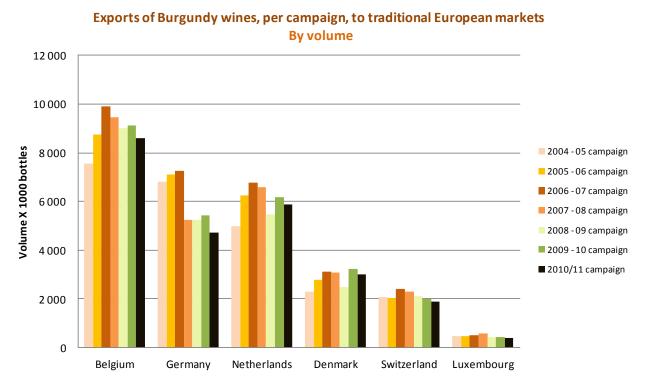
- Saturation and increased competition on these markets, where consumption is no longer growing.
- Increasing demand from new consumption markets, which brings about a reorientation of Burgundy wine exports.

Germany, with its hard discount market, is certainly the most affected by the price war. However, there are niches of informed wine consumers who are prepared to finance good bottles, but they remain confidential.



This country does, however, have a number of assets: a solid economy, a rather high proportion of well-off households, development in the behaviour of German consumers, awareness of the notions of the environment, "Terroir" and health, not to mention the development of gastronomic restaurants (some 2,500 of the country's 20,000 restaurants). All these factors are likely to favour a recovery in sales of Burgundy wines.

During the August 2010/July 2011 campaign, **the Netherlands has shown increased stability** over the medium term (around 6 million bottles of Burgundy). It is also the only one of the neighbouring markets to significantly increase its Burgundy wine imports over the first eight months of 2011 (+5%). It is a country which sells and exports towards more favourable destinations. The fact that the Dutch like to holiday in Burgundy also has a positive impact.



In **Denmark**, general wine consumption is declining, with a fall of 0.6% in the number of households buying wine, and the volume per purchaser dropping by 3.1% (*source*: *GFK panel*). At the same time, the average price of wines has increased.

Sales by volume of French wines fell by 13% over one year. However, white Burgundy has gained market share, with a rise from 2.8% to 3.3% in overall sales, but with a 4% fall in the average price. Finally, exports of Burgundy wines to Denmark have reached their highest levels on this market.

Belgium, which is very loyal to French wines, and particularly Burgundy wines, has held up reasonably well against the economic crisis. However, for the last few months it has been faced with strong inflation of 3.5% and little by little seems to have been caught up by the crisis. Spending seems to have stabilised and the level of household confidence is showing signs of weakness.

Flanders, the driver of Belgium's wine growth, has posted a significant fall in white wine consumption with a considerable decline in prices in the short term. On this white wine market, Burgundy is subject to the sharp reduction in prices from competition from Australia, Italy and South-Africa. Spanish Cava is also positioning itself on the aperitif segment to the detriment of white wines.

Exports of Burgundy wines consequently fell by 16% over the first eight months of 2011, even though they were very stable in previous years despite the crisis. **The decline over the 2010/2011 campaign**



is, however, limited to 5% compared to the previous campaign, thanks to a strong end of year in 2010.

The fall in exports to this country has to be seen in context: Belgians often buy their wine across the border in France where it is less expensive (27% of households buy their wines in France, on average eight times per year). They are the leading foreign customers in Burgundy (80% of Burgundy estates quote Belgium as one of the main origins of foreign tourists to the cellars).

Scandinavia: the monopolies increase their sales of Burgundy wines, spurred on by Crémant de Bourgogne

Scandinavian countries with the monopoly system represent a real opportunity for niche wines. These public bodies are obliged to represent the diversity of the world's wines, which means that Burgundy and its varied ranges have a significant place. These markets are amongst the few in Europe to have increased their imports of Burgundy wines over the last campaign.

This way of structuring the product range is sensible and consumer demand is healthy: sales of Burgundy wines in Scandinavian state monopoly shops are constantly beating their records, despite the crisis.

In Sweden, they increased by 17% by volume in 2010, compared to 2009 and established a new record with 2.62 million bottles of Burgundy wine purchased. They have tripled in volume in only five years.

In Norway, sales of Burgundy wines have increased by 5.6%, reaching the equivalent of 2.2 million bottles. This growth is almost three times greater than that of the overall market.

The majority of the 100 Burgundy AOCs have been sold, over recent years, in the three countries (Sweden, Norway, Finland) although most sales concern just a few names. Hundreds of different Burgundy names are sold every year, but only around a dozen are permanently present in a large number of shops (the rest are provided on order).

White wines account for the majority of the Burgundy offering, and contribute to its growth to a large extent. It is worth noting the performance of Crémant de Bourgogne, which is particularly appreciated by consumers and is hence one of the best sellers of sparkling wines amongst the monopolies. Finally, there is a strong development opportunity for red wines, the favoured colour for Scandinavian consumers.



France: supermarkets and wine tourism are growth drivers

The French market remains fairly gloomy overall. According to figures from Insee (National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies), household spending fell by 0.5% in September 2011, after a 2nd quarter which was down by nearly 2%. Morale has also plummeted in France, with people worried about unemployment and purchasing power. Inflation, which has been rising since the end of 2010, is weighing on household budgets.

The French are concerned for the future, and sales of AOC wines are being penalised as people spend their money elsewhere (*source: Kantar*). In 1960, food and drink accounted for 35% of household spending compared to less than 20% today. Spending on alcoholic drinks has been divided by three, now accounting for only 1.4% of budgets. Accommodation and transport spending has doubled, from 20% to 40%.

"Deconsumerism" of wine is continuing: the number of households having purchased at least one bottle in the year has fallen by 1%. Above all, people are buying less and less (54 bottles per year on average, compared to 58 bottles three years earlier).

French AOCs are the first to be affected by this erosion. They have lost 300,000 households. Consumers are focusing on the middle range, between 4 and 7 euros a bottle. This is perfectly fine for Burgundy, which has a wide offering in this price range. It thereby retains its share of 20% of French households buying Burgundy wines.

Burgundy is better equipped than other vineyards to tackle the crisis as it attracts purchasers who are the least sensitive to prices (*source*: *KANTAR 2011*). It is mainly the more modest households which are reducing their purchases. Conversely, the number of better-off customers seems to have increased, contributing to a rise in the average price.

Those last points contribute to supporting Burgundy wines on the French market. Sales in the last campaign in France reached a volume of more than 105 million bottles (+1%) which still accounts for half of sales of Burgundy by volume.

Two channels that favour Burgundy

Supermarket distribution: Burgundy is an exception in the main sales channel

Burgundy is growing constantly in this channel, against the backdrop of a structural fall in wine sales in supermarkets. Sales of Burgundy wines in supermarkets and hypermarkets grew by 2.3% by volume during this campaign, and reached a new record with 34.5% million bottles (source: IRI 2011).

Burgundy has not discounted its wines to achieve this performance. It holds an atypical position on this network, as it sells few bottles in promotions and has increased the average price of its wines by 2%. It has increased its revenues by 4.2% in one year. The objective to increase the value of its wines, which is part of the BIVB's "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, has



therefore been achieved in this channel. Finally, it is interesting to note that although the majority of French vineyards make up for losses made in the 75cl format by sales of the Bag-In-Box©, Burgundy has made considerable progress in the traditional format. This overall growth is likely to continue, given the spectacular results achieved during summer 2011 compared to the same period of 2010: +7 % by volume and +9.5 % by value.



This good annual performance concerns almost all categories of Burgundy wines. The **growth of white** wines (+2.5% by volume and +4% by value) benefits Chablis Appellations (+4%), Regional white (+2%) and Mâconnais Village AOCs (+12%), as well as Côtes de Beaune and Côtes de Nuits Villages (+6%). The main surprise is from **Burgundy red wines which have jumped 3.5% by volume and 5.1% by value**, despite strong competition and a fall in red wine consumption overall (-2%). Here too, the Regional AOCs (+2% by volume) have done almost as well as the Village AOCs (+3% by volume). However, sales of **Crémant de Bourgogne are beginning to stagnate, in terms of volume, due to a lack of availability.** This is due to the small 2010 harvest and the increase in demand from various export markets. This lack of availability obviously leads to an increase in prices in Crémant de Bourgogne, just as for still white wines (prices up by an average of 2%).

Overall, if we include mini-markets and hard discount stores, sales of Burgundy in modern distribution channels represent 46 million bottles, or 45% of the French market.

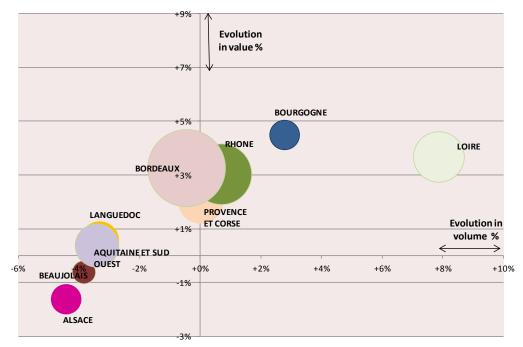
The fall in sales registered in hard discount stores is compensated by the growth in sales in minimarkets: as going shopping is increasingly seen as a chore, consumers are gradually favouring neighbourhood shops (6.2% market share of food and drink purchases) and "click and collect" options (0.8% market share).

This overall service shows that Burgundy is perfectly well positioned in this channel, despite its weak presence in the two main drivers of supermarket wine sales: rosé and the Bag-In-Box©. With a large, diverse product range between 4 and 10 euros, Burgundy is increasingly attracting consumers who have re-directed their purchases towards high-quality, pleasant wines.

The strategic implementation of special events by the BIVB, with advisors specially trained in Burgundy wines, also increase sales in a crucial period for the vineyard (between the autumn wine fairs in supermarkets and the end of year celebrations).

Matrix showing growth of sales of wines in supermarkets

(total 12 months, end August 2011, source: IRI Symphony)



Key to the graph:

Size of the bubbles proportional to the weight of the vineyard amongst all still AOCs in this channel Horizontal axis: growth, by volume, compared to the previous period Vertical axis: growth, by value, compared to the previous period



Direct sales: wine tourism, a new growth driver

Direct sales represent nearly 30 million high-quality bottles (+3%), i.e. 15% of total sales of Burgundy wines. This channel is growing from year to year and concerns almost all of the wine companies which sell by bottle, or 93%. They now welcome customers to their cellars (one quarter of whom are foreign tourists). At the same time, the companies are increasingly going out to meet the consumers, at regional produce markets or regional fairs (65% compared to 60% in 2010) and some are even active on the Internet (25% compared to 18% one year earlier).

One of the main origins of foreign tourists is Belgium (quoted by 86% of respondents to the survey). It is the Paris region which is the most represented (81% of respondents) by French visitors.

Fewer of these companies welcome visitors on appointment only (26% compared to 36% in 2006 in the summer period), and are more likely to provide a permanent welcome all year round. The reception at the estate is carried out by an employee in 21% of cases (18% in 2010).

The quality of the reception is also measured by the increase in the number of companies who carry out visits of their estate (63% compared to 55% in 2010). The offer is becoming more diverse, with the possibility of accommodation (13% compared to 7%) or the possibility to enjoy a meal on site (10% compared to 4%). More than half of respondents believe that this has allowed them to increase their sales.

Direct sales continue to grow, as 64% would like to further develop sales in the cellar. 31% of respondents would like to increase their presence at fairs.

Wine tourism is key today: consumers are seeking authentic regional products.

The percentage of households bringing back wine from their holiday destination is significant (20% of holidaymakers in Burgundy), proof that wine tourism is an excellent means of promoting wines. Purchases are growing in number, but quantities remain small (two thirds of holidaymakers buy fewer than six bottles).

Customers tend to favour the following key factors: ongoing relations with the producer, knowledge of the product and the possibility to taste the wines. 68% of those questioned said they would buy next year again from the same suppliers (*source*: *KANTAR 2011*).

In 2011, customers are still present: 65% of tourism providers (all activities combined) regarded the tourist season as "rather good" or "very good" despite the weather which was not always favourable (*source: Bourgogne Tourisme*). In the Côte d'Or, the initial indicators are encouraging: +13% overnight stays in June 2011, compared to June 2010 in the Beaune region and +10% visitors at the tourist information office in August.

Foreign tourist numbers are stable. The Belgians, Dutch and Germans are the most represented, remaining loyal to Burgundy. This is proof that although exports are falling to these countries, the consumers are still interested. Increasing numbers of Asian visitors, with a high purchasing power, are coming to stay in Burgundy. There is therefore a significant pool available for selling wine via this channel.

And this year again, restaurants and wine cellars are among the main beneficiaries of the flow of tourists.

See the press release: "Wine tourism: Supporting high-quality wine tourism in Burgundy" P.34 to 36



A traditional network to be sustained

Restaurants: sales of Burgundy wines are slowly recovering

Since 2010, commercial activity has been slowly picking up in the restaurant industry, the distribution network most affected by the economic crisis. Though frequentation of restaurants has improved since the heart of the crisis (2008-09), it has not enabled wine sales to return to previous levels. Nevertheless, the fall in volume of wine sold appears to be lessening (-1% in 2011 against -2% in 2010 and 3% in 2009).

Sales of Burgundy wines to restaurants should also fall slightly in 2011. But with around 24 million bottles, this circuit remains important for the Burgundy wine-growing area.

The improvement in sales of wine to traditional restaurants (with average restaurant spend per person over 30 euros) and gastronomic establishments is quite reassuring, as their customers tend to favour Burgundy wines.

Burgundy wines benefit from the ramped-up presence in restaurants in 2011; 60.5% of restaurants have at least one Burgundy wine on their wine list (58% in 2010, 52% in 2009). This figure reaches 90% for "gastronomic" restaurants. Each establishment lists an average of 7 names.

Burgundy has been able to hold onto its place partly thanks to sales made in the north-east quarter in France, an area which is more traditional and which favours the consumption of 75cl bottles and AOCs.

Another favourable factor in Burgundy is the method of supply. Restaurants tend to favour direct suppliers (65%). Half of them did so as their main supply method.

However, Burgundy, (which mainly produces white wines), is penalised by the general fall of white wines consumption compared to other colours.

Restaurants are a good means of showcasing Burgundy wines. Since October 2011, the BIVB has provided restaurants with a free "Burgundy wines list" (up to 10 wine lists possible for larger establishments, where possible). This is a simple, aesthetically-pleasing document, entirely handmade, using solid materials with a view to sustainable development in line with the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan. It covers the key points about the region: grape varieties, wine colours, main vineyards. A QR code on the document allows restaurant guests to access a variety of information on the vineyard and wine tourism in Burgundy directly from their smartphones.

At the same time, for the last year, the BIVB has been providing a training programme to wine clubs and wine waiter students **thanks to the French network of official Burgundy wine instructors** (currently eight across France). Over 2,000 students have been trained in this way.









Specialist wine shops: considerable reduction in sales, but reasons for optimism

The situation amongst specialist wine shops remains difficult. The reduction in customer numbers is worrying, particularly that of occasional customers (*source*: *Equonoxe 2011*). Only 8% of French households claim to visit wine shops more than twice a year (source: *Kantar Worldpanel 2011*).

The number of specialist wine shops has, however, grown in France, by 4% in 2011, after a phase of destabilisation during the crisis (*source: Equonoxe 2011*). There are now around 5,350 wine shops. However, numbers have fallen in Burgundy (-1.4%), no doubt due to the development of direct sales. Specialist wine shops have been subject to the increased competition from chains of shops which now occupy 20% of points of sale in urban areas and almost half in the Paris region. This development might be unfavourable for Burgundy, where the small volumes are more suited to independent retailers.

Today, this market segment represents only 7 million sales of bottles of Burgundy wines, a drop of 10% compared to 2010.

However, there are reasons for optimism. The vineyard is represented in nearly all of the shops in this channel (93.5%). The range of Burgundy wines seems to have increased with 44.5 names sold during the year, on average, per shop (including a large proportion of red wines: 27), compared to 38.7 one year earlier.

The increase in the average basket of goods in 2010 (+9.4%) is reassuring, after the 25% decline posted at the heart of the crisis. Unsurprisingly, Burgundy positions itself towards the top end of this channel, with an average sales price per consumer of 20 euros. Half of its sales are concentrated in the 12 and 25 euro segment. One bottle of Burgundy in three is bought at below 12 euros and one in six above 25 euros.

There are two key elements in this channel: customer relations, through advice and welcome, and the diversity of the offering (*source*: *KANTAR 2011*). In the end, the price is secondary. These points are all in favour of Burgundy.

The majority of wine shops, questioned in spring 2011, were expecting stable or indeed rising sales of Burgundy in the future. Burgundy takes the second place amongst the vineyards that the wine shops want to highlight. Nevertheless, 35% of wine shop owners say they are not sufficiently informed about Burgundy wines. It would appear that training is a key factor in maintaining sales in this channel.

"Rencontres avec les Bourgognes / Chablis": there's always a Burgundian near you

Paris, Dijon, Roscoff, Essey-lès-Nancy, Pau... These are just some of the destinations of the "Rencontres avec les Bourgogne" (Meetings with Burgundies" and the "Rencontres avec les Chablis" since September. This 5th edition will extend to the end of the year with a total of 2,000 events. It is the first year that the Burgundy Wine Board (BIVB) has carried out this campaign to focus on Chablis. The aim of these meetings is to allow the Burgundy producers to meet as many wine lovers as possible at points of sale, in wine shops, wine fairs or even in supermarkets. To see the schedule and location of each event, visit: www.rencontresaveclesbourgognes.fr (in France only, soon in Belgium).





Key figures from the Burgundy region (Source: French customs/ IRI/ BIVB/DRAF)

October 2011

Average production

1.5 million hectolitres of which

60.5 % white wines
31.5 % red wines (and rosé)

▶ 8 % Crémant de Bourgogne

and 1.5 % Grand Cru wines

▶ 47.5 % Village Appellations and Premiers Crus

▶ **51.0** % Regional Appellations

in other words ► 6.5 % of the production of French AOC

▶ 3 % of the production of wines in France

▶ **0.4** % of the world's wine production

28 000 hectares in production (3% of the French wine-growing region)

2 main grape varieties:

Chardonnay (56%): is used in the production of nearly all white wines

Pinot Noir (31%): is used in the production of nearly all red wines

Other varieties: Aligoté (white, 7.5%), Gamay (red, for Bourgogne Passe-tout-grains and Mâcon, 5%), Sauvignon and César (0.5%)

100 different appellations (22% of the French AOCs)

of which

33 Grand Cru Appellations

▶ 44 Village Appellations and Premiers Crus

▶ 23 Regional Appellations

Companies

3 800 Wine-growing estates (of which 1,300 bottle and sell over 10,000 units)

250 Wine merchants

23 Cooperative cellars

Estimated breakdown of sales of Burgundy wines (October 2011)

Market

- ▶ Some 200 million bottles sold
- 48 % are exported
- 1.2 billion euros in revenues (estimated)

Burgundy accounts for: Burgundy represent:

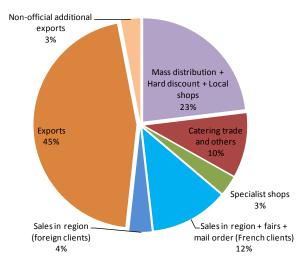
- ▶ 2.8 % of worldwide wines exchanges, in terms of value
- ▶ 18.5 % of revenues of French still VQPRD exported in 2010 (for 6.5% of the production)

Regional weight

2 % of the agricultural land exploited in Burgundy

3 % of Burgundy's GDP

45,200 jobs generate (direct and indirect) i.e. 7% of total employment in Burgundy



Source: BIVB/French Custom/IRI/CHD/Equonoxe



The "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan has set itself the principal task of consolidating Burgundy wines as a "global reference for great wines produced from sustainable wine-growing" by "moving all Burgundy wines towards the upper segments of the range". Supporting research, developing training and strengthening communication with the trade, media and the general public, the Burgundy Wine Board (BIVB) is acting widely to raise the image of its wines, to enhance them and thereby prepare the ground for all the companies in the sector.

The world of wine is experiencing a period of intense change, as witnessed by everyday news. The "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, established in cooperation with the players of the sector and implemented at the beginning of 2011, aims to help Burgundy wine professionals to anticipate and fully capitalise on these changes.

A large number of the projects in the plan have already been implemented, without delay. "We have to strike while the iron is hot," says Michel Baldassini, Chairman of the BIVB. "Although, the overall situation of Burgundy wines is good, we must constantly remain attentive to the markets and consumers. We cannot rest on our laurels. We want to remain THE worldwide reference in terms of quality, respect for the environment and "vins de terroirs". This plan is a new stage in our history, which already has 2000 years of experience!".

Train, communicate, develop the image and reputation of Burgundy

With 200 million bottles marketed, Burgundy wines are rather rare. To be THE reference is, first of all, a question of image and reputation, not a question of the size of the vineyard. To achieve its objective and define its programme, the BIVB uses numerous surveys and meetings with distributors, the trade, wine professionals, shopkeepers, consumers, journalists, tourists and deans of prestigious higher education institutions. Training seminars, sales arguments, promotion and information tools as well as tailor-made actions are specially created to enhance the reputation of the vineyard. These new tools aim to facilitate relations with all target audiences:

- In France, local events such as the "Rencontres avec les Bourgognes" or the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" are carried out regularly to meet the need for contact between the trade and consumers and the sector's professionals.
- On the export markets, promotion and communication campaigns focus on the five key countries (USA, UK, Japan, Belgium, China/Hong Kong) but cover a total of 15 countries.
- The increased presence of Burgundy wines in China is demonstrated by the appointment of a representative participating in a VIE (International Volunteers in Business) programme. Based in Shanghai, he will be responsible for developing the presence of Burgundy wines in this leading market and organising a competitive watch.





Training the trade is at the heart of the Burgundy Wine Board's missions. The influence of the Burgundy Wine School is expanded, both in France and abroad, by the network of official instructors of Burgundy wines. There are now around fifty official instructors who are authorised to organise seminars and tasting sessions for the BIVB, after coming to Burgundy and passing an exam.

The creation of subsidiaries is also being researched, to ensure a permanent vehicle for training and communication.



Strengthening the position of sustainable development in Burgundy

This is one of our main challenges. The BIVB has recruited a Head of Sustainable Development, whose first task is to carry out the Sustainable Development assessment of the sector. And from these results, new actions will be carried out. Her work will concern environmental, but also social and economic areas.

Enhancing cultural wine-tourism

With its plan to create the *Maison des Vins, de la Gastronomie et du Territoire en Bourgogne,* an unmissable, unique and unifying place, the BIVB and its partners wish to equip themselves with a promotion tool, aimed at the many visitors.

This centre will play a full part in the momentum which was started by the application of the "Climats du Vignoble de Bourgogne" for UNESCO world heritage status, as cultural sites.

A feasibility study has just been launched. The results will be presented in September 2012.

Studying Burgundy's economic situation and its resources

In November, the BIVB started up the professional debate again with "Vinomarket", a leading economic gathering, exclusively for the wine sector. The aim is to study Burgundy's situation within the global market and the outlook for development. Vinomarket is to become an annual meeting, to inform the companies and allow them to anticipate changes in the global economy.

Strengthen technical actions with teams from different bodies

Mixing teams between different bodies under a single management allows us to combine skills and find synergies, whilst benefiting from a leverage effect and economies of scale.

The implementation of a mixed team with the IFV (French Institute of Vines and Wines) has already been confirmed.



Supporting wine research

Favouring the establishment of relations between different wine-growing areas, in technical and scientific fields, allows us to conduct joint programmes. Work is currently being carried out to join forces with Alsace and Champagne.

Burgundy's reputation is its strength. To consolidate its position, it also needs projects. The plan, which has already been in place for nearly a year, aims to reinforce the project to enhance its wines, which the BIVB has set itself.



Drawn up in 2010, the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan aims, in particular, to make Burgundy wines "the worldwide reference in fine wines produced from sustainable wine-growing" and to "move all Burgundy wines towards the upper segments of the range, particularly the Regional Appellations".

It contains 6 strategic priorities:

- To combat "irregularity" to ensure competitiveness and profitability: regulating available volume
- 2 To consolidate the reputation of the name "Burgundy" by closely associating it with the appellations and brands/signatures
- To confirm a "sustainable" quality which lives up to expectations with 200 million impeccable bottles marketed
- To strengthen the economic momentum and fill "holes" in the fabric of commercial exchanges
- 5 To ensure an additional step in cross-functional governance
- 6 To conduct competitive watch, particularly abroad

The roadmap lists 31 guidelines and 103 actions points in the fields of research, promotion and economic development.

A liaison office, made up of permanent members and representatives of the sector, was set up to ensure that the plan is carried out according to plan, and to anticipate any changes to the plan, if necessary.

"To be the worldwide benchmark in fine wines produced by sustainable winegrowing" is the objective of the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, which sets out the broad guidelines for the Burgundy wine sector in the coming years. Sustainable winegrowing and, more broadly, Sustainable Development – both new societal challenges – are therefore at the heart of the Burgundy Wine Board's (BIVB) strategy. A number of key projects are already underway.



A central challenge: the Sustainable Development assessment of Burgundy vineyards

Sustainable Development is a cross-functional concept that includes environmental, social and economic aspects. Through its Technique and Quality Centre, the BIVB has commissioned a specialist agency to carry out a Sustainable Development assessment of Burgundy vineyards. This assessment will form the basis of a five-year action plan.

Through field studies, surveys and calculations, an initial inventory will be drawn up at the end of 2011. It will highlight Burgundy's strengths and weaknesses in terms of Sustainable Development. It will also present various development possibilities. The findings will be presented in January 2012, during a seminar uniting the various participants of the project.

To help the professionals and partners of the Burgundy wine sector get involved in this major issue, the BIVB has also reinforced its Technique and Quality Centre with the arrival of Claire Pernet as Head of Sustainable Development on 12th September. Thanks to her background and professional experience, Claire has a very good knowledge of Burgundy winegrowing and its environmental aspects. Her first task will be to carry out the Sustainable Development assessment (see above).

The strategic action plan will be drawn up by the BIVB following this assessment and its operational application will be carried out by the various sector agents represented on the Sustainable Winegrowing Committee, an extended body that unites the BIVB, the professional groups and all the territorial entities involved in Sustainable Development (Chambers of Agriculture, cultivators, equipment manufacturers, etc.).

As part of its "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, the BIVB has decided to support collective initiatives with regard to Sustainable Development. The BIVB's Technique and Quality Centre is thus helping the Defence and Management Organisation of Gevrey-Chambertin to carry out its environmental assessment (evaluation of phytosanitary protection practices). Other collective efforts will be analysed and encouraged in the near future.



A European project: BioDiVine

This year, Burgundy has also taken on the European project BioDiVine, which aims to study the link between the organisation of wine landscapes and their impact on biodiversity. Does the increase of plant resources around vineyards result in the growth of more diverse fauna? What is the impact on vine-growing?

Biodiversity is an integral part of Sustainable Development and concerns all vineyards. Several European countries have embarked on this project. In France, in partnership with Burgundy, the Costières de Nîmes, Saint-Emilion and Limoux vineyards are working together in the same project. Research is being conducted on three sites in our region, one per département: Irancy (89), Corton (21) and Pouilly-Fuissé (71). The work, which



began several months ago, will continue until the end of 2014.

On each experimentation site, a semi-natural zone is established on which no vines are planted, allowing the biodiversity to be enriched (increases the microbiological diversity, doubles the number of birds and small mammals, etc.). At the end of this project, plans to manage the land will be established and transferred to the different European winegrowing areas so that they can implement the most relevant organisation of the landscape in terms of biodiversity. This knowledge transfer will be accompanied by the publication of a technical guide for winegrowers.

On 18 October 2011, the BIVB has welcomed the representatives of the European Commission in charge of this project and its various participants to review progress.

Hope of World Heritage status to preserve the wealth of the Burgundy vineyards

Burgundy's desire to position Sustainable Development and biodiversity as major strategic priorities finds particular resonance in the wine sector's commitment to the application made by the "Climats du Vignoble de Bourgogne" for UNESCO World Heritage status. This shared momentum is created in different ways, but has one common goal: to preserve Burgundy's vineyards over the long term and highlight their exceptional universal value.





Each year, the French wine-growing areas attract one third of French and international tourists visiting the country. Burgundy stands out from its wide range of competitors for its high-quality wines, the age-old history of its vineyards and the passion of the men and women who bring it to life. Our region opens up its vineyards to experienced connoisseurs and new fans alike, for a warm, welcoming and festive discovery of the area.

As one of the main aims of the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan is to strengthen cultural wine tourism, the Burgundy Wine Board (BIVB) wishes to enhance the wine tourism activities on offer on a regional scale. Various projects are underway to facilitate this initiative...

An ambitious, unifying project: the "Maison des Vins, de la Gastronomie et du Territoire en Bourgogne"

Burgundy, an important region in wine tourism, does not yet have a unifying centre where tourists can discover its richness in the space of half a day. To bridge this gap, many corporate and tourism partners are joining forces to create an ambitious project, the "Maison des Vins, de la Gastronomie et du Territoire". They are planning on developing this as a reference point or "gateway", where visitors can discover and understand the gastronomy and wines of Burgundy, as well as the culture and heritage developed from wine-growing.

This "Maison" will be created in a regional context as certain structures exist already (Maison Mâconnaise des vins, Maison des vins de la Côte Châlonnaise, etc.). Similarly, it will take a particularly dynamic national context into account, both in terms of wine tourism and the promotion of French gastronomy (Centre Culturel et Touristique du Vin de Bordeaux, Pavillon des Vins de France à Paris, Maison de la Gastronomie, etc.).

The creation of this "Maison" also reflects the dynamic regional initiative triggered by the application of the "Climats du Vignoble de Bourgogne" for UNESCO world heritage status.

An opportunity and definition study is currently being conducted. It is co-financed by the Côte d'Or's General Council, the Urban Community of Beaune, the Pays Beaunois, the French state and even Europe. The results will be published in September 2012. The final cost of the "Maison des Vins, de la Gastronomie et du Territoire de Bourgogne" is estimated at between 13 and 15 million euros.









A new single, practical brochure for preparing a wine-tourism trip: En route to Burgundy

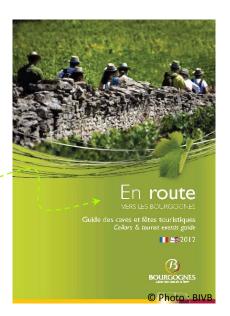
To celebrate the 20th anniversary of its "*De Vignes en Caves*", hospitality charter, created in 1992, the BIVB has produced a new brochure on wine tourism. *En route vers les Bourgogne, Cellars & tourist events guide* will be available free of charge from December by request from the BIVB and tourism institutions (tourist information offices, regional and departmental tourism committees, hotels, campsites, Lyon and Dijon airports, etc.).

Designed to help visitors in their travels, this new document combines the *Burgundy wine route map* and the *Bourgognes en Fête* guide. It includes the contact details and practical information of the 317 estates, wine merchants and cooperative cellars who are members of the "De Vignes en Caves"* hospitality charter, as well as some 100 wine-related events that are due to take place throughout 2012 in Burgundy.

En route to Burgundy also marks the many remarkable sites and itineraries on various maps, along with the wine routes. The "Vignobles et Découvertes" offers are also mentioned and can be identified by the logo.



Alongside this brochure, which is available in French and English, all the practical information on wine tourism in Burgundy is available on the website www.burgundy-wines.fr.



Boost networks with the national Vignobles & Découvertes label, a fourth site coming soon to Burgundy



The vineyard of Chablis and the Chablisien could become the fourth site in Burgundy to receive this label in November². The project brings together 43 service providers, including 17 cellars, 10 accommodation providers, 3 restaurants, 3 heritage sites, 1 tourist information office, 2 reception structures, 4 activities and 3 events. Wine tourism is very active in Burgundy and already involves over 300 service providers!

¹ The signatories of the "De Vignes en Caves" hospitality charter undertake to welcome visitors in the best conditions: guaranteeing a warm, personalised welcome at specific opening hours, providing a free tasting of at least one wine, offering wine for sale on a take-away basis, providing a shipping service, etc.

² Reminder of the 3 sites that carry the label:

[&]quot;Côte and Haute-Côte de Beaune: around the Corton hill": 19 cellars, 20 accommodation providers, 17 restaurants, 4 heritage sites, 1 tourist information office, 5 reception structures, 11 activities and 11 events

[&]quot;Côte and Haute-Côte de Beaune: around the Montrachet hill": 22 cellars, 17 accommodation providers, 10 restaurants, 3 heritage sites, 1 tourist information office, 1 reception structure, 13 activities and 10 events

[&]quot;Dijon and Côte de Nuits": 13 cellars, 27 accommodation providers, 28 restaurants, 4 heritage sites, 4 tourist information offices, 6 reception structures, 16 activities and 9 events



Created almost two years ago by the Secretary of State for Tourism, the "Vignobles et Découvertes" label has two aims:

- to increase the tourist efficiency of wine destinations by improving the ways in which their treasures are showcased through enhanced cooperation between major representatives
- to develop the image, reputation and sales of all those involved in the wine tourism sector

Whilst the label confirms the quality of the services and the unity of a region, this network has to be sustained. With this in mind, the Côte d'Or Chamber of Commerce and the Dijon tourist information office, together with their partners (including the BIVB), will welcome all the service providers concerned on Tuesday, 13th December at the Maison de Nuits-Saint-Georges. This meeting between professionals will enable those involved to study the possibilities of the joint offer along with the creation of attractive, complete products. In this way, a cellar might develop a product with a restaurant, combining tasting with food and wine pairings.

At the same time, the Burgundy Wine School is proposing a morning of training on Côte de Nuits wines on Friday, 25th November at the Château de Marsannay to heighten awareness and improve knowledge of those service providers involved who are not directly related to the world of wine. This programme could also be extended to include the different regions concerned.

On the programme:

- Reminder of the key points related to the Vignobles et Découvertes label
- Presentation of the De Vignes en Caves" hospitality charter and the new En route to Burgundy brochure
- Presentation of the Côte de Nuits vineyard, with tastings and cellar visits

Creation of an original kit to welcome families in the cellars: games for children

If wine tourism is to develop, it has to be accessible for families. From March 2012, the BIVB will provide wine professionals with games kits to occupy children from 3 to 10 years, thus allowing the parents to taste the wines in peace.

These games will enable children to discover the vines whilst having fun in the cellar. They have been designed for children from 3 to 6 (memory, puzzles, etc.) and from 6 to 10 (quizzes with wheel of fortune, true/false, etc.). All children will leave with an 8-page booklet (crosswords, colouring-in, etc.), allowing them to improve their knowledge and continue the fun at home, with the family.

There's no time to lose – in spring 2012, let's go to Burgundy!

Created in 1992, the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" takes place every two years in March, bringing together journalists and the trade from all over the world, not in a large, impersonal room, but in the heart of the vineyard. For a whole week they are invited to cover Burgundy for wine-tasting sessions, from Chablis, to the Côte Chalonnaise (for practical reasons the Mâconnais wines will be exhibited in Beaune for a special day), via the Côte de Beaune and the Côte de Nuits.

The format seems to please everyone, providing the possibility to discover some 10,000 wines and to meet over 1,000 Burgundy wine-growers. This system ensures the success of the Grands Jours de Bourgogne. Invitations will be sent out at the beginning of December.

The 2010 edition confirmed this success with a 10% increase in the number of visitors, 40% of whom were new recruits compared to 2008. This international event welcomed visitors from 40 different countries, including 10 new countries!

An increasingly high-quality welcome

As is the case each year, the organisers of the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" do all they can to further improve the organisation to facilitate travel, access to the sites and the search for information.

The website www.grands-jours-bourgogne.com: practical and fast

This valuable website allows the visitor to discover the concept of the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" in advance and to prepare his stay. From the beginning of December, journalists and the trade will be able to consult the schedule for the 11th edition and register for the tastings on offer. The complete list of exhibitors will be made available from the beginning of 2012.





Mobile website: designed for smartphones

In line with the commitments of the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, the mobile website (available in French and English with automatic language detection) will be available from the end of January 2012. Specially adapted for smartphones, this site will allow users to access all the practical information on events and to prepare their schedule in advance. They will be able to consult it at all times!

- "Press": will indicate the location and itinerary of the press room each day, its opening hours and its functioning.
- "Notebook": will provide the possibility to comment on tastings or any other subject, each note will be instantly sent to the user's email.
- "Practical information": includes the content available on the website (accommodation including gites, restaurants, etc.).
- "Partners": presentation of the six partners (Chef & Sommelier, Crédit Mutuel, Regional Council of Burgundy, General Councils of Côte d'OR and of Saône et Loire and BIVB).

The user will have information at hand on 7 different topics:

- "Agenda": will present the events in detail, by date, and located with the application Google Maps.
- "Exhibitors": will list by date, wines, and events, all the wine-growers and merchants taking part along with their full contact details and their appellations on offer.
- "Shuttle": the maps, timetables, frequency and journeys of the shuttles will be listed here to facilitate visitors' travel arrangements. Using the "How to get there" function, a single click will show the route according to where the user is located.



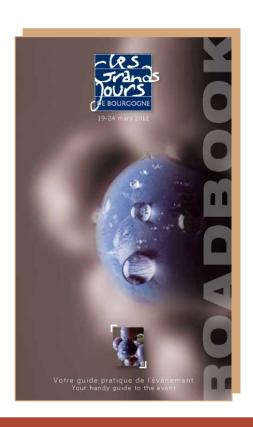
Roadbook: the practical guide to the event

One of the new features of the 11th edition is the Roadbook, a made-to-measure guide specially designed to prepare your arrival. Written in French and in English, it will pool together all the essential information of the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne". Its practical format, covering 86 pages, provides clear, readable and pleasant information on where to find the 15 moving tasting fairs and for each day:

- timetables, frequency and location of the shuttles (provided in the form of mini metro maps where the stations are the key villages of the vineyards)
- a map showing the tasting places with their GPS coordinates
- the number of exhibitors and the wines presented
- the press room
- the detailed schedule for each day



Note: to limit the use of paper, the printed version of the Roadbook, which is also available on the Internet, is available on request only.





An increased network of shuttles

Set up in 2006, the shuttles were much appreciated and it soon became clear that the network needed to be expanded to satisfy the quests. Now, with ten times more shuttles since 2010, they have satisfied many users, allowing them to move from one tasting site to the next more quickly.

The network of shuttles will be further improved in 2012 to increase the number of beneficiaries whilst limiting the ecological impact of the event.

One single tasting notebook per day

Launched in 2010, the SINGLE tasting notebook for each day will be continued in 2012. It has the double benefit of simplifying the work for journalists and the trade whilst lightening their load. The exhibitors are listed with their full contact details along with the wines they are offering for each tasting session.

New look for the welcome stand

When they arrive at the events, participants will now be welcomed at a new stand, specially redesigned for the 11th edition.

In this welcome area, the visitor will be immersed in the heart of the vineyards and in the region through visuals which reflect the values of the event and of Burgundy; prestige, diversity of the land, traditions,

The visitor will thereby be welcomed in a refined, relaxing style before he begins the many tastings of the day.....

The press room: comfortable and practical

An important location, the press room will once again allow you to benefit from its different services (Internet access, computers, telephones, local and national press, etc.) and its comfort.

One place each day will allow each member of the press to have a break or to complete and send off their articles!

Journalists and photographers, take part in the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" press trophy!

Every other year, on this occasion, a jury of Burgundy professionals pays tribute to the work of a journalist, awarding him or her the "Grands Jours de Bourgogne" trophy.



in 2012, the jury will award a second trophy, for the first time, to reward the work of a photographer.

Up for grabs: two sets of Burgundy wines, each of a value of 2,500 euros.

To take part, simply send the BIVB (before 14 January 2012) one of your reports (TV, radio, written press, web (excluding blogs and social networks)) on the topic of the Burgundy vineyard (its wines, appellations, professions, tastings, landscapes, etc.) presented in an educational manner for one of the two trophies (report and press photography).



📤 For the 2012 trophy, the article and the reports must have been published/broadcast between 1 March 2010 and 31 December 2011.

To find out more and to receive the registration form, please contact: Anne-Frédérique GERARD anne-frederique.gerard@bivb.com - Tel. 00 33 (0)3 80 25 06 96



One of the main roles of the Burgundy Wine Board (BIVB) is to help winegrowers make decisions and provide them with technical advice. With the "Bourgognes Amplitude 2015" plan, it also hopes to produce 200 million very-high-quality bottles each year. To meet this twin goal, it is the first interprofessional board to launch the creation of a winemaking application. This simple and practical app is made up of three calculators and can be downloaded from the AppStore for mobile phones (Android and iPhone).

For several years, the BIVB's Technique and Quality Centre has provided a practical tool on its extranet, in partnership with French weather office Météo France. This tool is free of charge and allows winegrowers to anticipate and think through their work on the vines according to precise local weather forecasts that are updated very regularly.

With the aim of going even further, the BIVB's Technique and Quality Centre has launched three new calculators this year to help professionals working on the vines and in the vat room. These tools, which were already available on the extranet, can now be accessed by all sector professionals who own a smartphone, without network or connection problems (even in the cellars!). The BIVB has thus innovated with the creation of this new app, which is free for its members and is available on smartphones.





For optimum maturity: the "external surface of plant coverage" calculator. This calculator evaluates the external surface area of plant coverage using the width and height of the foliage and the spacing of the rows. The result allows the user to adapt trimming to ensure optimal grape exposure during maturing and limit the shadow from one row to the next.

To find the perfect balance: the "sucrose enrichment" calculator. This tool is useful during the wine-production process. It gives the exact weight of the sucrose to be added, taking the increase in volume related to adding sugar into account, to obtain the alcoholic level required. This stage is not mandatory but is sometimes necessary.

To limit SO_2 for increased protection of the wines, use the " SO_2 molecular" calculator. Using a complex mathematical formula, each professional can find out the exact concentration of molecular (or active) SO_2 , which constitutes the amount of SO_2 contained in the wines to protect them. This calculator thus helps wine-growers to maintain a sufficient level of protection for their wines during maturing, and particularly helps prevent the development of micro-organisms that might reduce quality.



Once the application has been downloaded, the Burgundy professionals can find the data they need in just a few clicks using their personalised access codes. For example, when cutting the vines, they can find out how best to adjust their machine in just a few minutes. Similarly, when monitoring the alcoholic fermentation in the cellar, they can find out the recommended quantity of sugars to add when it is time to chaptalise.

This new resource also ensures that they are informed about the latest technical news and can contact key professionals directly.

With the development of these applications, Burgundy is proving that it can combine tradition with modernity. The implementation of these digital tools also reflects the sector's current commitment to Sustainable Development and to controlling input on the vines and in the cellars.